Governor's 2021-2022 January Budget Proposal

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Budget Overview & Early Action Package

- ► The overall state budget would remain fairly flat compared to the 2020-2021 budget, increasing by approx. \$227.2 billion.
- ► The budget commits to paying down liabilities, maintaining reserves, and increasing spending through one-time initiatives rather than on-going commitments.
- ► The budget includes a significant buy down of 2020-2021 deferrals.

Economic & Budget Outlook COVID-19 Relief Funds

- State revenues continue to outperform earlier projections due to improving employment in many sectors, growing housing market, and sales of taxable goods.
- Despite higher than expected revenues, the State faces an operating deficit as General Fund expenditures are expected to outgrow the "big three" revenues.
 - ▶ The deficit is projected to exceed \$11 billion by 2024-2025.
- In December 2020, Congress passed the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSAA) which is a \$900 billion economic relief package
 - > \$22.7 billion will be allocated to the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund
 - ► California Community Colleges are to receive \$1.286 billion
 - ► The flexible funds will be used to defray expenses associated with COVID-19, carryout authorized student support activities, and provide financial aid grants to students (without regard to immigration status)
 - Must spend at least the same amount on emergency financial aid as we did under the CARES act
 - ▶ Allocations to colleges will consider FTES and headcount

District Revenue Projections and Budget Planning Factors

- COVID-19 Emergency Conditions Allowance will continue through the 2021-2022 budget year
 - ► FTES projections are applied to the base allocation of the Student Centered Funding Formula (SCFF)
- Budget Planning Factors
 - ► COLA 1.5%
 - Mandated Cost Block Grant \$30.16/FTES
 - RSI reimbursement \$6.54/hour
 - ► Financial Aid administration \$0.91/College Promise Grant
 - ▶ PERS employer contribution rate 23%
 - ► STRS employer contribution rate 15.92%

Community College System Budget

- Proposals for the California Community College system:
 - On-Going Proposals
 - ► COLA of 1.5%
 - ► Enrollment Growth of 0.5%
 - Expansion of California Apprenticeship Initiative \$15 million
 - ▶ Investment in online education ecosystem and infrastructure \$10.6 million
 - ► COLA of 1.5% for certain programs (DSPS, EOPS, CalWORKs, CARE, Adult Education Program)
 - ► Cover increased cost in broadband access \$8 million
 - ▶ Student Success Completion Reduction of \$23.9 million
 - ► California College Promise (AB 19) Reduction of \$6.3 million
 - ► Financial Aid Administration Reduction of \$3.6 million
 - Integrated technology \$19 million
 - ► Adult Education Program technical assistance \$1 million

Community College System Budget

- Proposals for the California Community College system (cont.):
 - One-time Proposals
 - ▶ Deposit of \$3 billion into the Public School System Stabilization Account (PSSSA)
 - ▶ Pay back of deferrals in the amount of \$1.1 billion
 - > \$327 million in deferrals remaining
 - ▶ Emergency financial assistance grants for students \$250 million
 - Student basic needs related to food and housing insecurity \$100 million
 - Support retention and enrollment strategies \$20 million
 - Expand work-based learning \$20 million
 - ▶ Increase faculty professional development \$20 million
 - Expand Zero-Textbook cost pathways \$15 million
 - ▶ Instructional materials for dual enrollment students \$2.5 million
 - ▶ AB 1460 implementation and anti-racism initiatives \$0.6 million

Budget Proposal Information

- College Affordability Proposals:
 - ► Emergency financial assistance grants for students \$250 million
 - ▶ \$100 million would be included in the Early Action Package
 - Funding targets full-time students who were previously working full time or the equivalent and can demonstrate a financial need, with a self-certification process for students
 - ▶ \$150 million will require students to obtain a 2.0 GPA in one of their last three semesters
 - Expand Zero-Textbook Cost Pathways \$15 million
 - ▶ This proposal builds on the current \$5 million initiative provided to 23 colleges in 2016.
- Student Needs Proposals:
 - \$100 million over three years to address student basic needs, including food and housing insecurity
 - ▶ \$30 million for targeted needs supporting students seeking access to mental health services and helping students acquire electronic devices and access high-speed internet.
 - \$20 million to support efforts to increase student retention and enrollment among students who may have withdrawn or could not enroll due to COVID-19.
 - ▶ \$10.6 million to provide a more robust and equitable online education ecosystem and infrastructure.

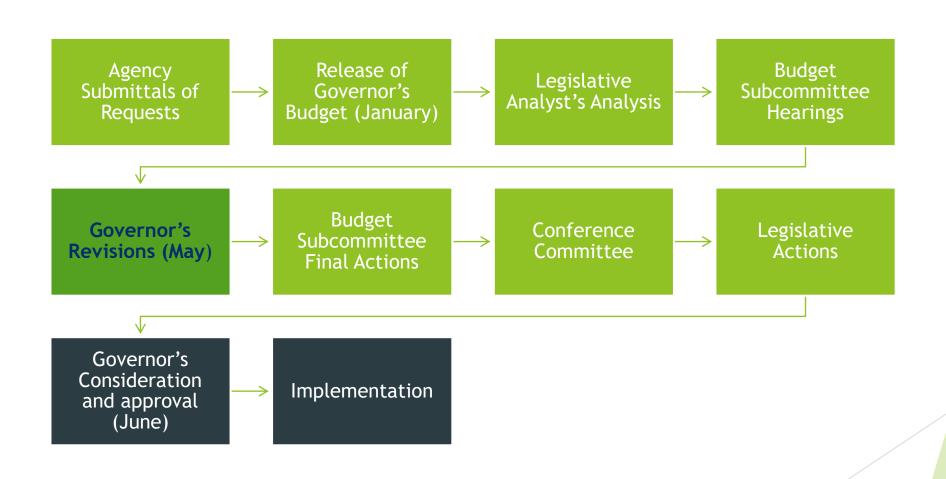
Budget Proposal Information

- Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Proposals:
 - ▶ \$0.6 million for the CCCCO to coordinate a systemwide antiracism effort and the implementation of the new ethnic studies course requirement in the CSU as it affects community college transfer students.
 - The Budget states an expectation for each segment of higher education to draft actionable plans to close equity gaps. Community college districts would be required to draft actionable plans as a condition for receiving COLA.
- Workforce Development Proposals:
 - ▶ \$15 million ongoing to expand the California Apprenticeship Initiative
 - ► Supports the development of new and innovative apprenticeship and pre-apprenticeship programs through grants
 - ▶ \$20 million one-time funding for grants to expand access to work-based learning models and programs, including working with faculty and employers to incorporate work-based learning into the curriculum.
 - ▶ \$250 million one-time General Fund support to focus on enhancing opportunities for skill building and wealth development for communities that have been systemically excluded.

Budget Proposal Information

- Other Proposed Actions:
 - ▶ Higher education institutions maintain a higher proportion of online courses than in the past.
 - ▶ Districts would be required to maintain a number of online courses in 2021-2022 that is 10% higher than the number of offered in 2018-19
 - ► The establishment of a dual admission process between CCC and the public university system and for increased production of Associate Degrees for Transfer (ADTs).
 - The requirement that all higher education segments adopt a common learning management system (such as Canvas), with a goal of increased efficiency that could be achieved by negotiating collectively with a vendor.
 - Continued implementation of the pension buydowns included in the 2020 Budget Act
 - ► CalSTRS employer contribution declines from 17.1% to 15.92%
 - ► CalPERS estimated contribution rate was originally 24.9% and is now estimated at 23%

Next Steps



Questions?